

Stent, trombosi e polimeri

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Is stent thrombosis still a problem?

TABLE 1 Definition of Stent Thrombosis According to the Valve Academic Research Consortium	
Level of Certainty Definite	Timing Early
AND at least 1 of the following additional criteria:	Subacute (24 h to 30 days)
Acute ischemic symptoms	
Ischemic electrocardiogram changes	
Elevated cardiac biomarkers	
Probable	Late
Probable Any unexplained death <30 days of stent implantation	Late 31 days to 1 yr
Any unexplained death <30 days of stent	
Any unexplained death <30 days of stent implantation Any myocardial infarction related to documented acute ischemia in the territory of the implanted stent without angiographic confirmation of stent thrombosis and in the absence	

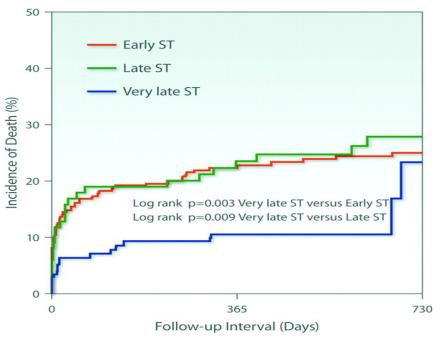
Sample size for a superiority study on stent thrombosis

13,000 patients
needed

Power= 90%

Is stent thrombosis still a problem?

Mortality after ST



Patient

Clinical setting DAPT Individual characteristics

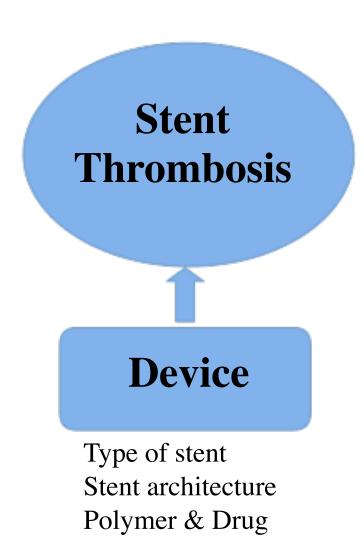


Device

Type of stent Stent architecture Polymer & Drug

Procedure

Expansion
Apposition
Dissection
Run-off



PCI & stent evolution

Open the vessel Keep the vessel open

Modulate healing DAPT

Improve stent architecture, drug release, polymers

Reduce DAPT duration Eliminate late events

POBA

Stent (BMS) old Gen DES

new Gen DES

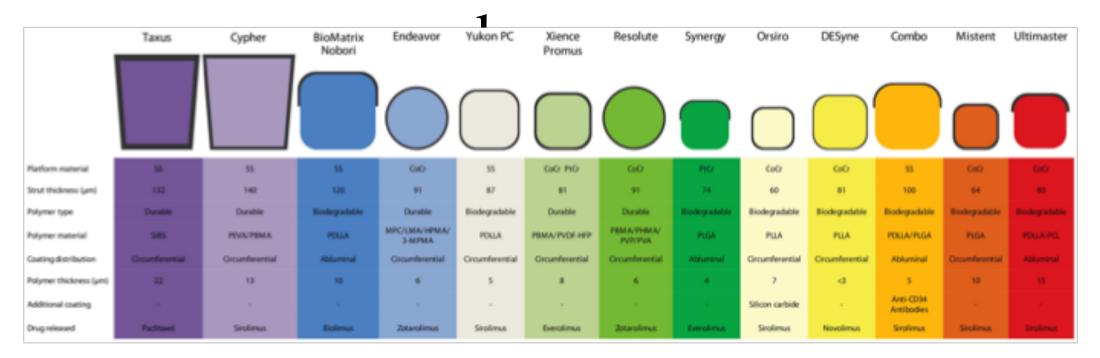
Dissection Acute occlusion

Restenosis **Thrombosis**

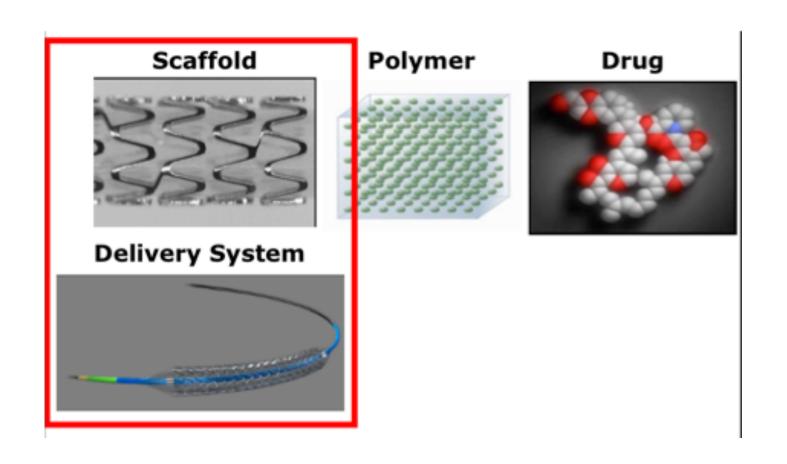
Late stent thrombosis Future needs?

Last 40 years

Differences among DES: materials, structure, polymers,



DES structure



Stent Thrombogenicity Early in High-Risk Interventional Settings Is Driven by Stent Design and Deployment and Protected by Polymer-Drug Coatings

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